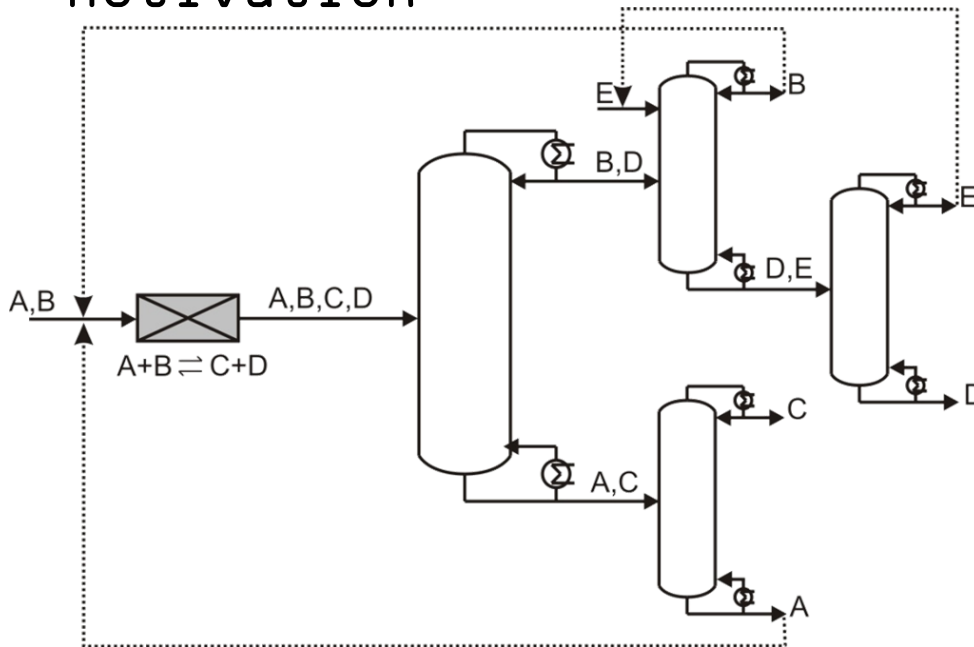




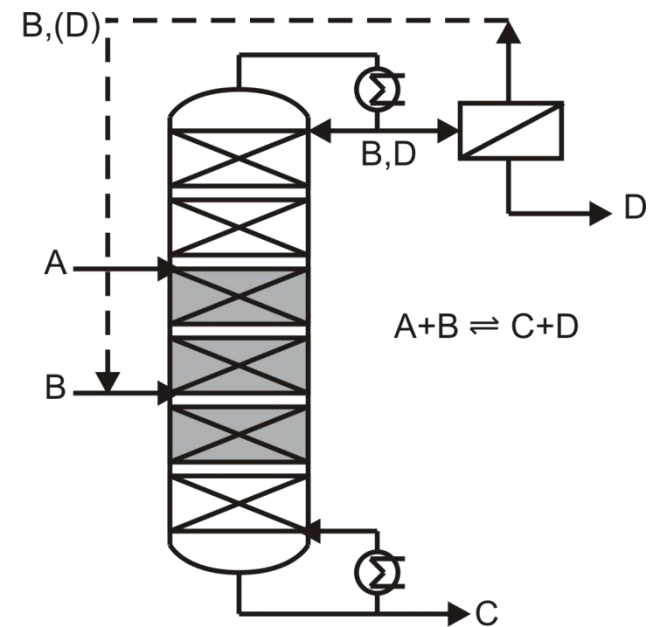
Experimental Investigation, Analysis and
Optimisation
of Hybrid Separation Processes
EFCE Excellence Award in Process Intensification 2009

Carsten Buchaly

Motivation

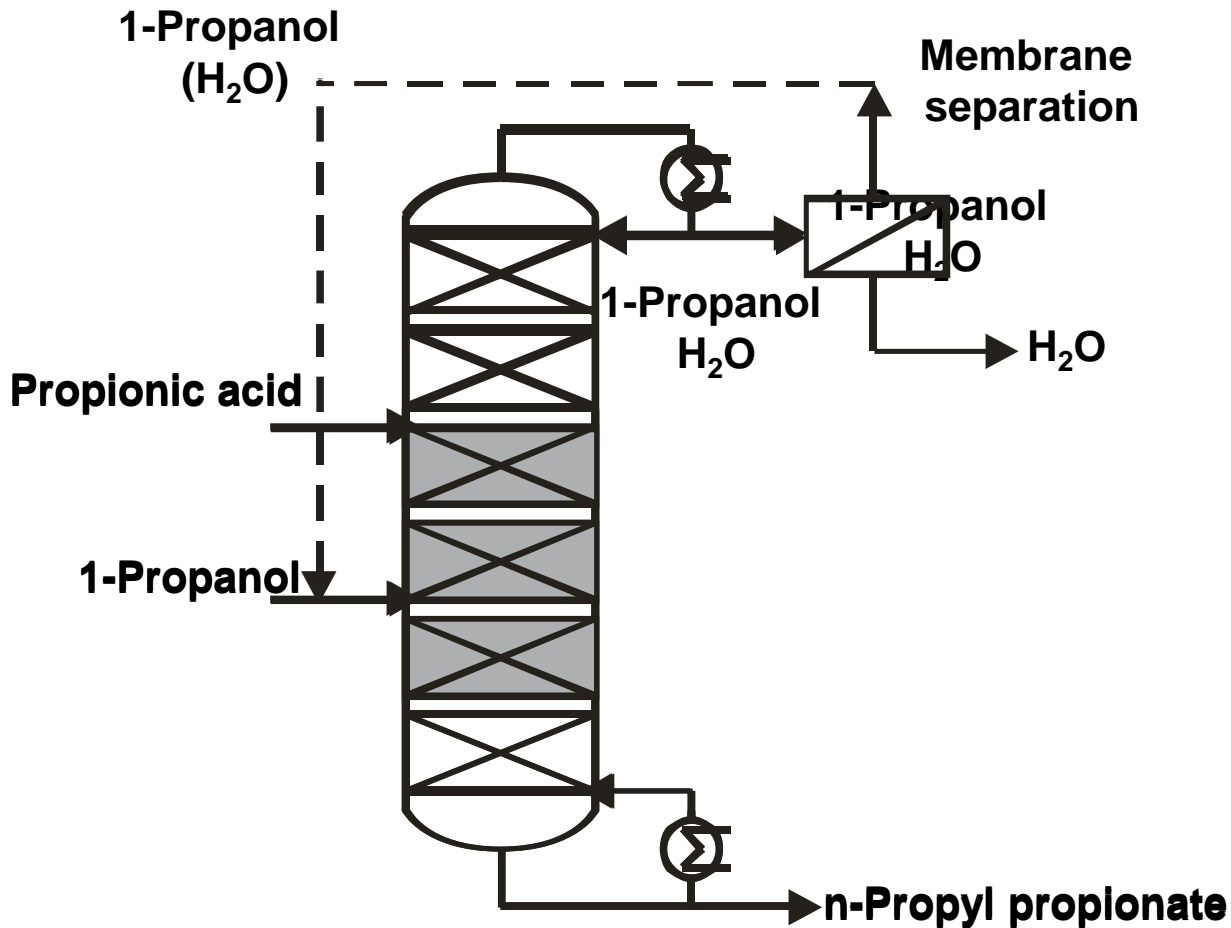


- Reduced volumina of apparatuses / capital costs
- Less energy consumption
- No auxiliary components required



- Strong interactions of both unit operations
- Detailed process know-how necessary
- Less experience existent

Process Description



Reactive Distillation

- Integration of reaction and separation
- Increased conversion and selectivity

Membrane Separation

- 1-Propanol recovery
- High selectivity
- Independent on VLE

Methodology

Hybrid Process

(reactive distillation + membrane separation)

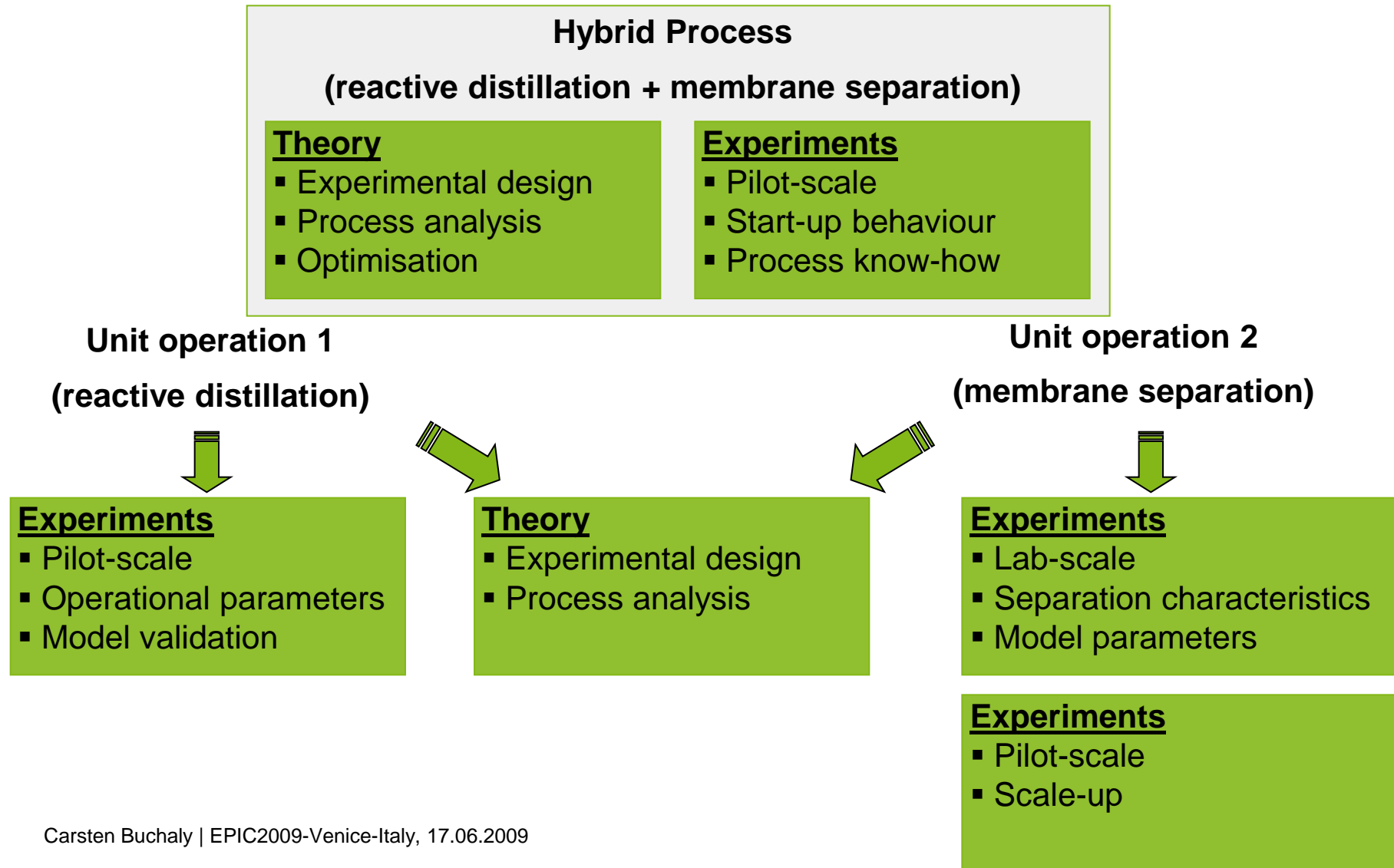
Theory

- Experimental design
- Process analysis
- Optimisation

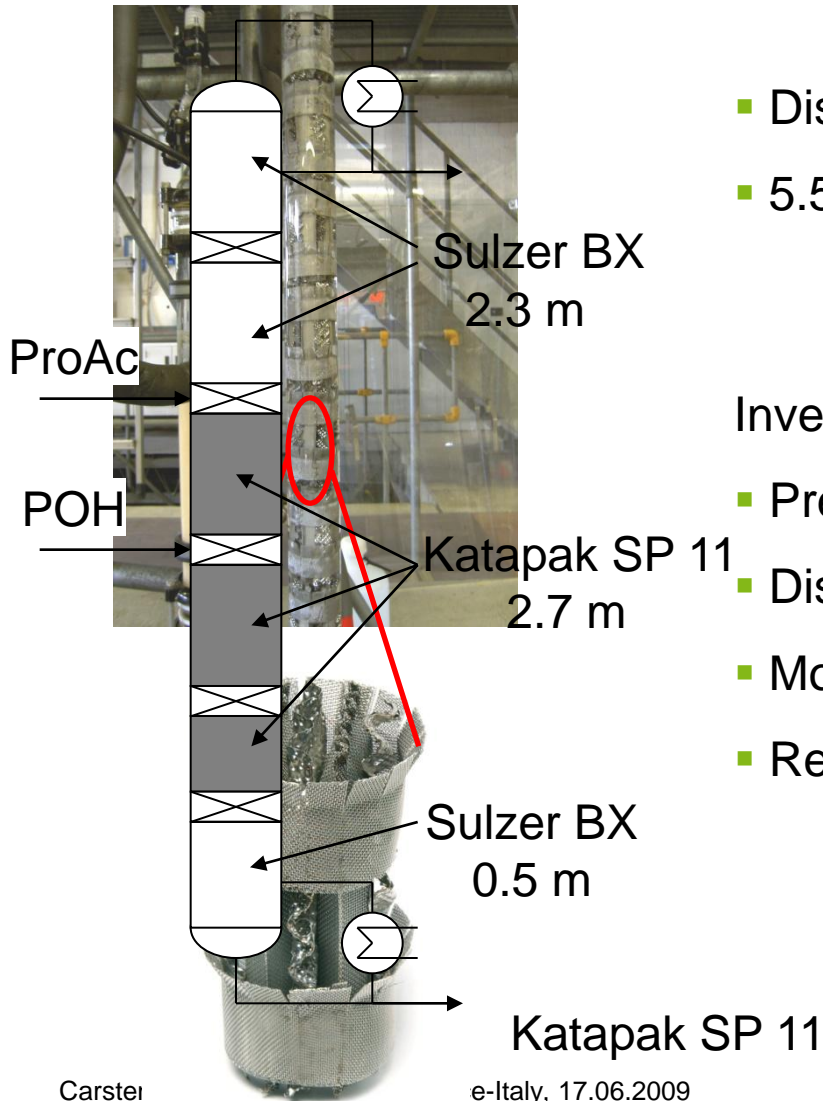
Experiments

- Pilot-scale
- Start-up behaviour
- Process know-how

Methodology



Reactive distillation: pilot-scale plant



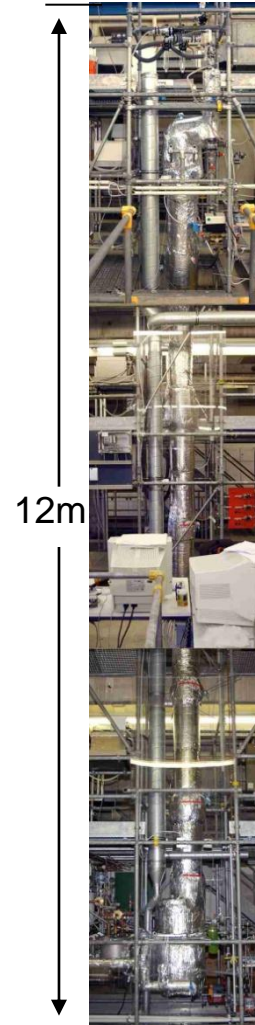
- Distillation column (DN 50)
- 5.5 m packing height

Investigated operating parameters

- Pressure: atmospheric
- Distillate-to-feed ratio: 0.33 - 0.45
- Molar feed ratio (χ): 2.1 - 2.5
- Reflux ratio (RR): 2.0 - 4.0

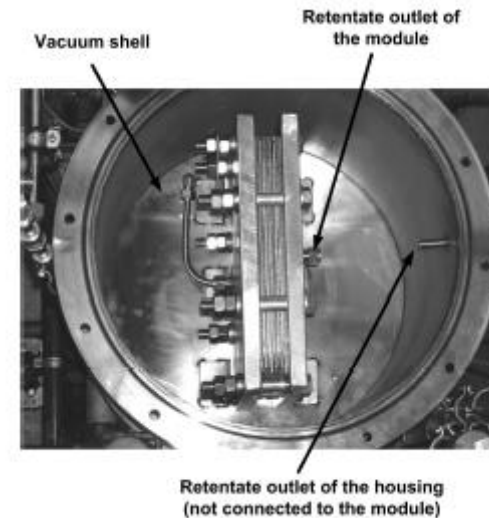


Database of 15 successfully realised RD experiments



Vapour permeation: pilot-scale plant

- Steady state vapour permeation experiments
- Connection with reactive distillation column to hybrid separation process
- Sulzer Pervap 2201(D) with $A_{\text{Memb}} = 0.5\text{m}^2$



➡ **Plate-and-frame module**

Vapour permeation: pilot-scale plant

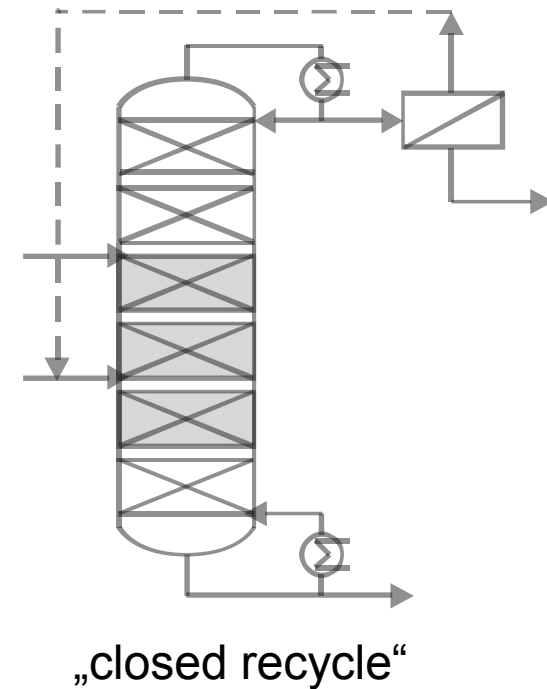
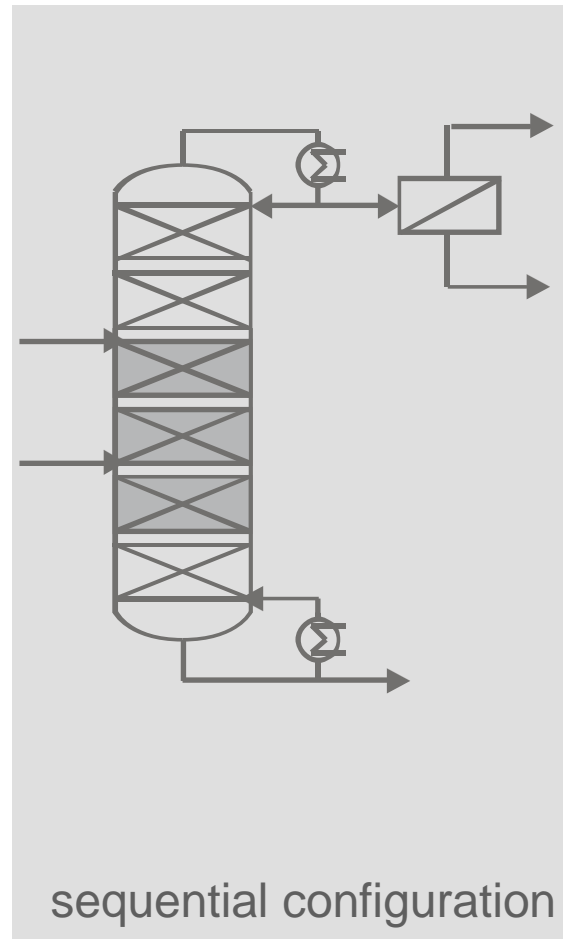
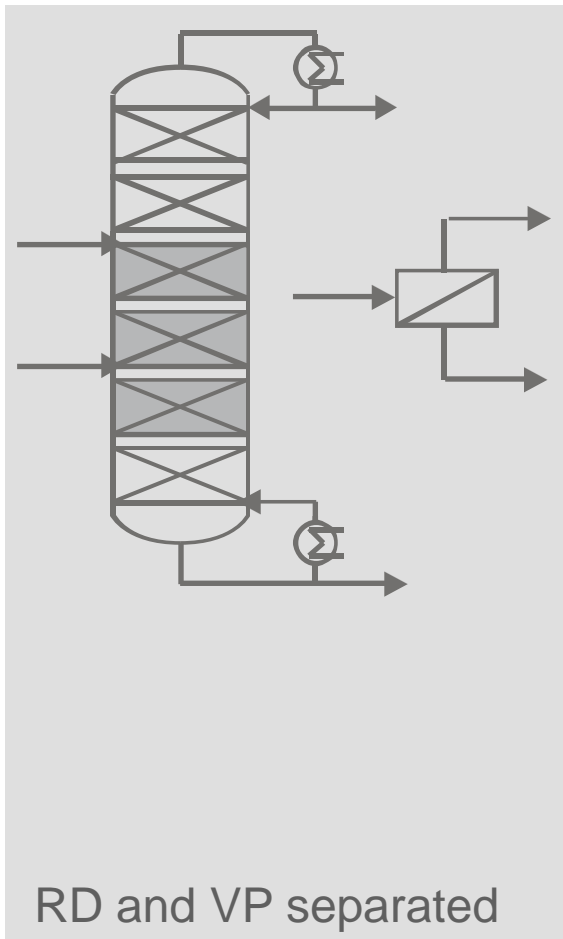
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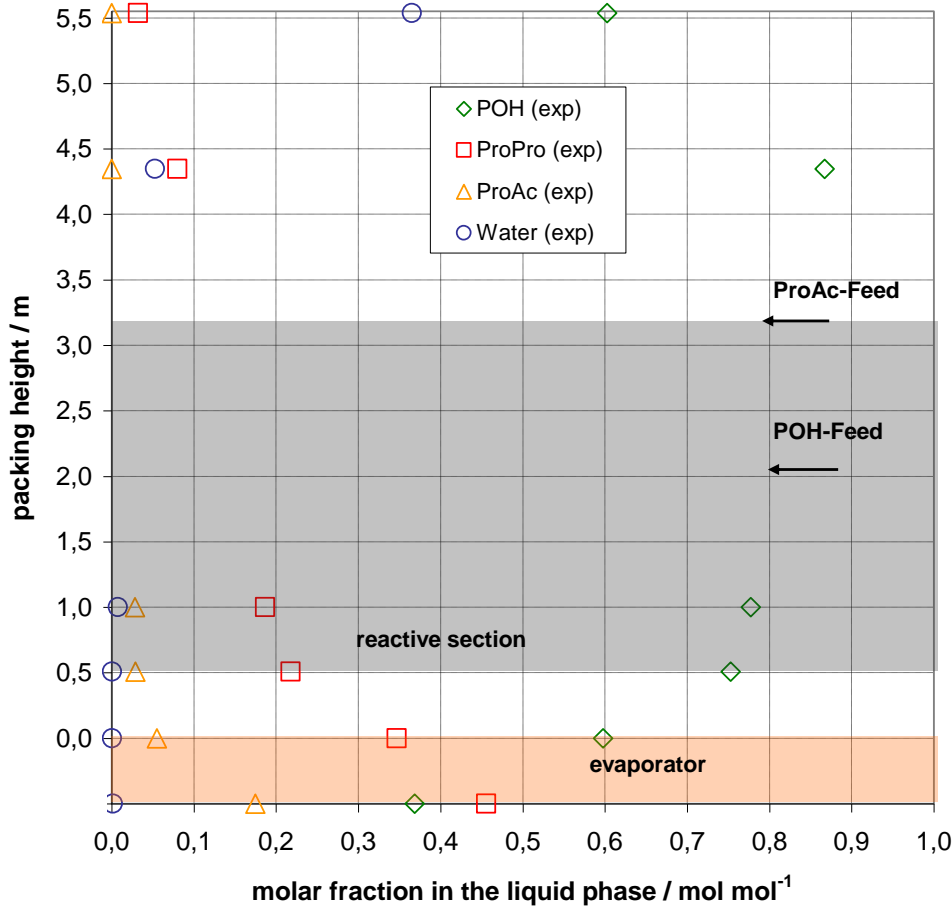
Binary system 1-propanol/water

- Water concentration: 13 - 30 wt.-%
- Feed temperature: 92.0 - 98.7 °C
- Feed pressure: atmospheric
- Permeate pressure: 30 - 70 mbar

Hybrid separation process: experimental investigations



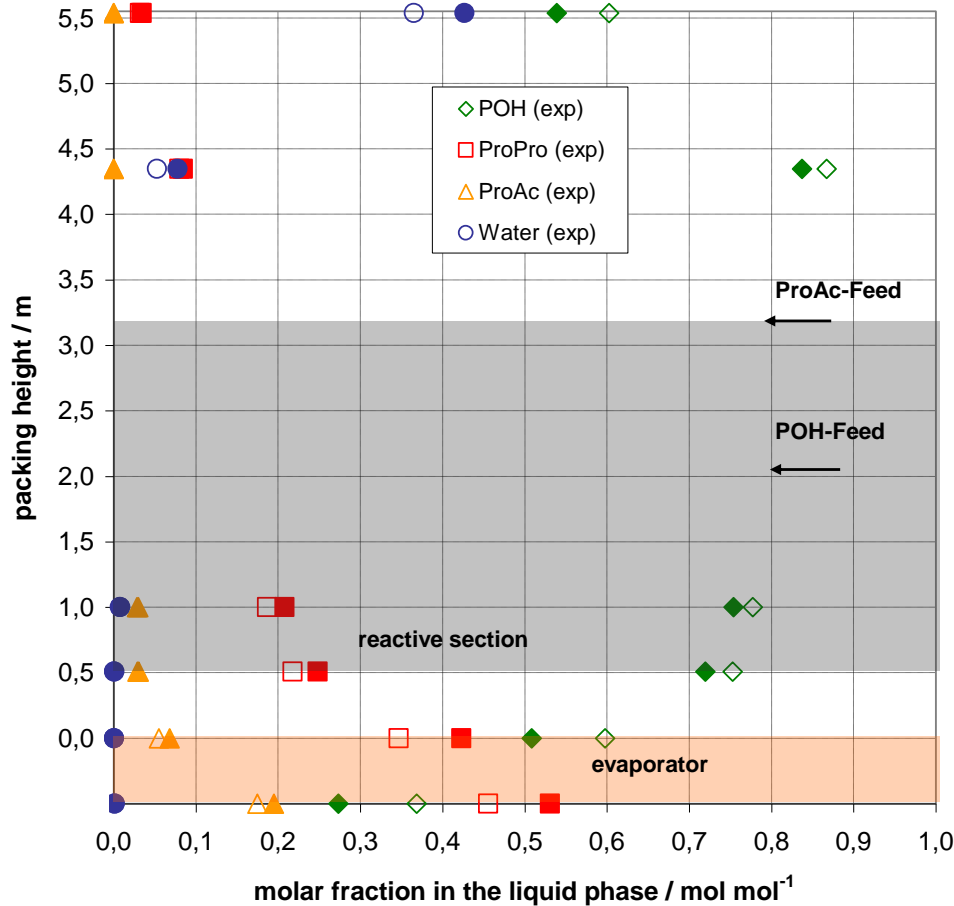
Hybrid separation process: experimental investigations



- Successful experiment with coupled unit operations

Buchaly, Kreis, Górak (2008): Chemie Ingenieur Technik, 80, p. 145-156

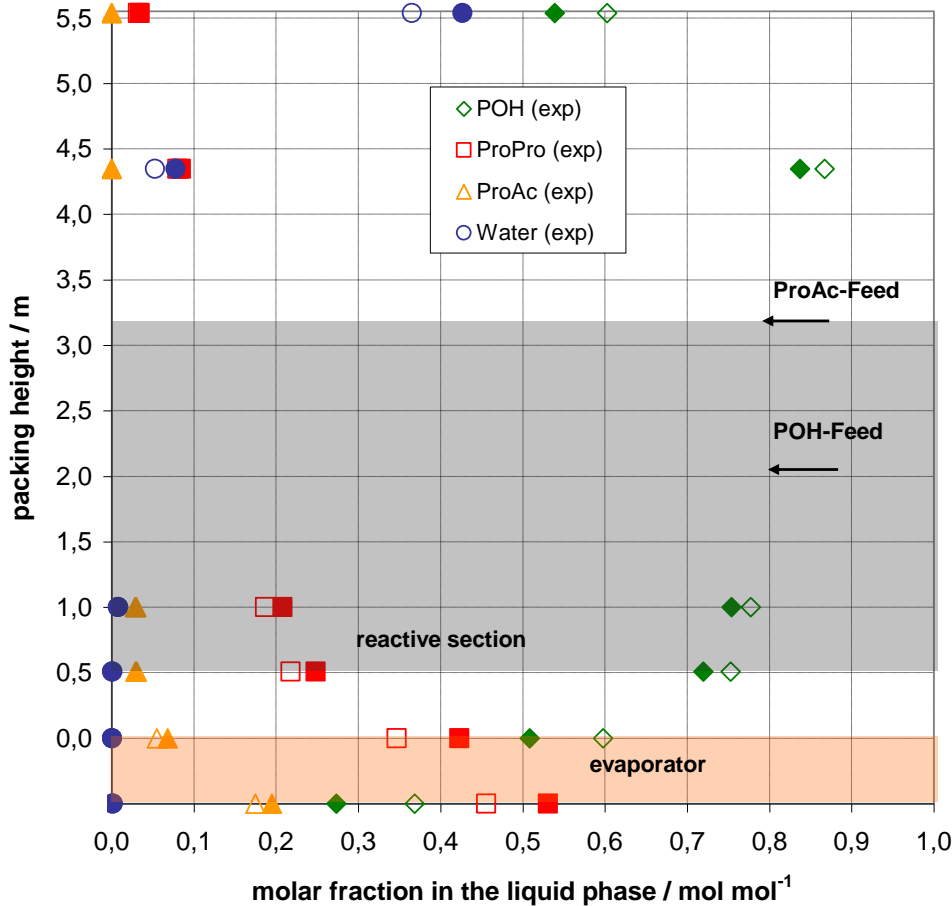
Hybrid separation process: experimental investigations



- Successful experiment with coupled unit operations
- Increase of ester concentration in the bottom
- Change of distillate composition

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Hybrid separation process: experimental investigations



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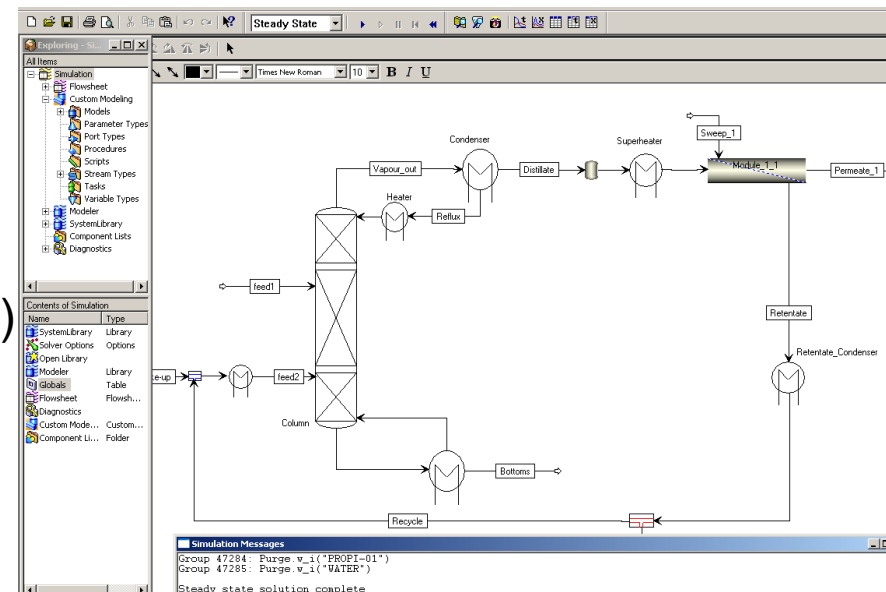
Modelling approach

Reactive distillation based on non-equilibrium stage model

- Multicomponent mass transfer (Stefan-Maxwell)
- Packing specific correlations (hold-up, Δp , $k_g a$, $k_l a$)
- Steady state and dynamic process simulation

Vapour permeation based on „Solution-Diffusion-Model“

- Polarisation effects (c,T)
- Hydrodynamics (co-, counter-current; Δp)
- Membrane materials



Implemented in Aspen Custom Modeler™ (ACM)

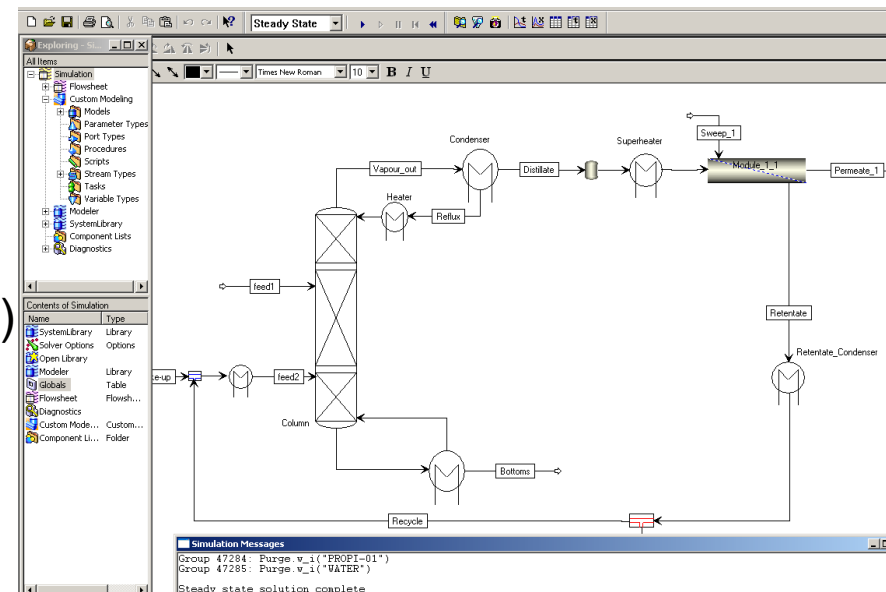
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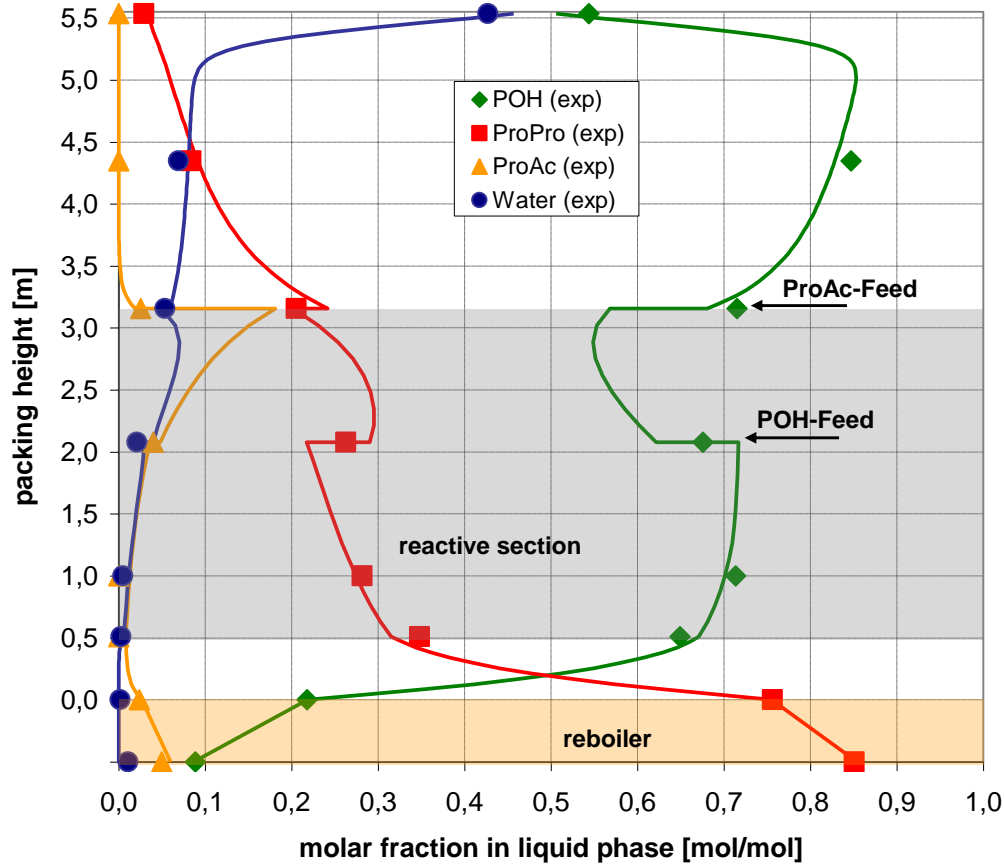
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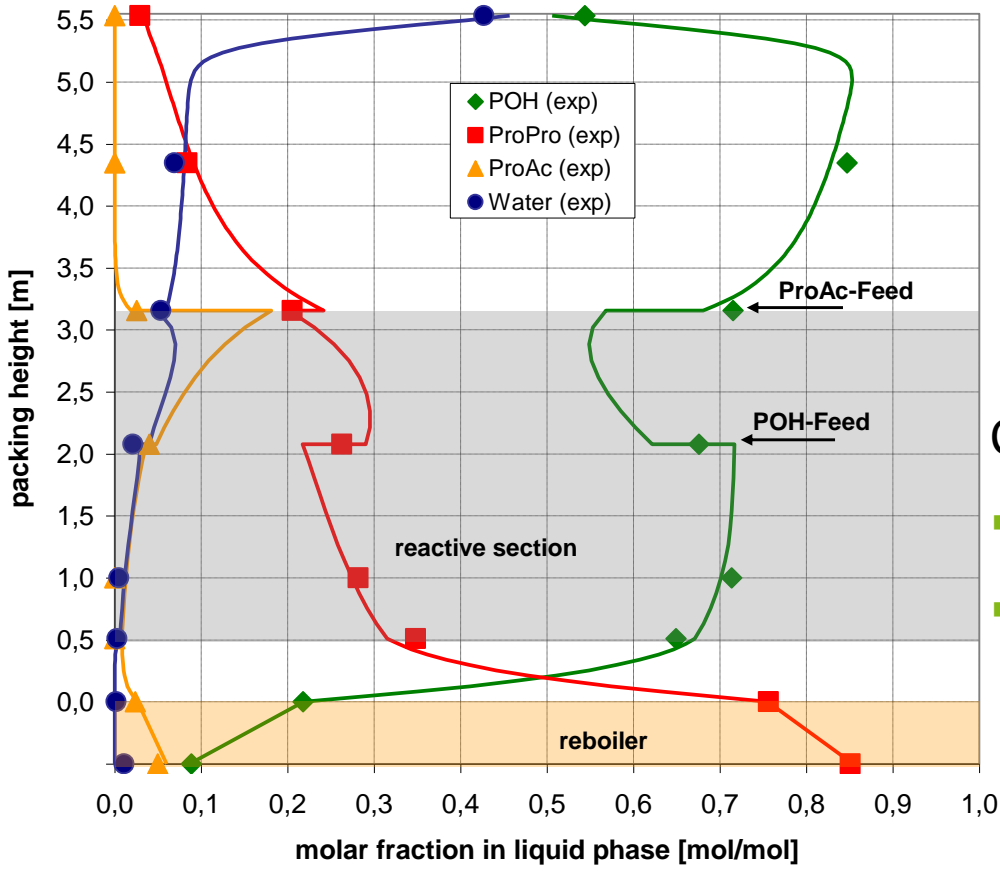
Reactive distillation: model validation

Feed: 2,0 kg/h
 $\chi_{\text{POH/ProAc}}$: 2,068
 RR: 2,49
 Distillate: 0,85 kg/h



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Correlations for column internals:

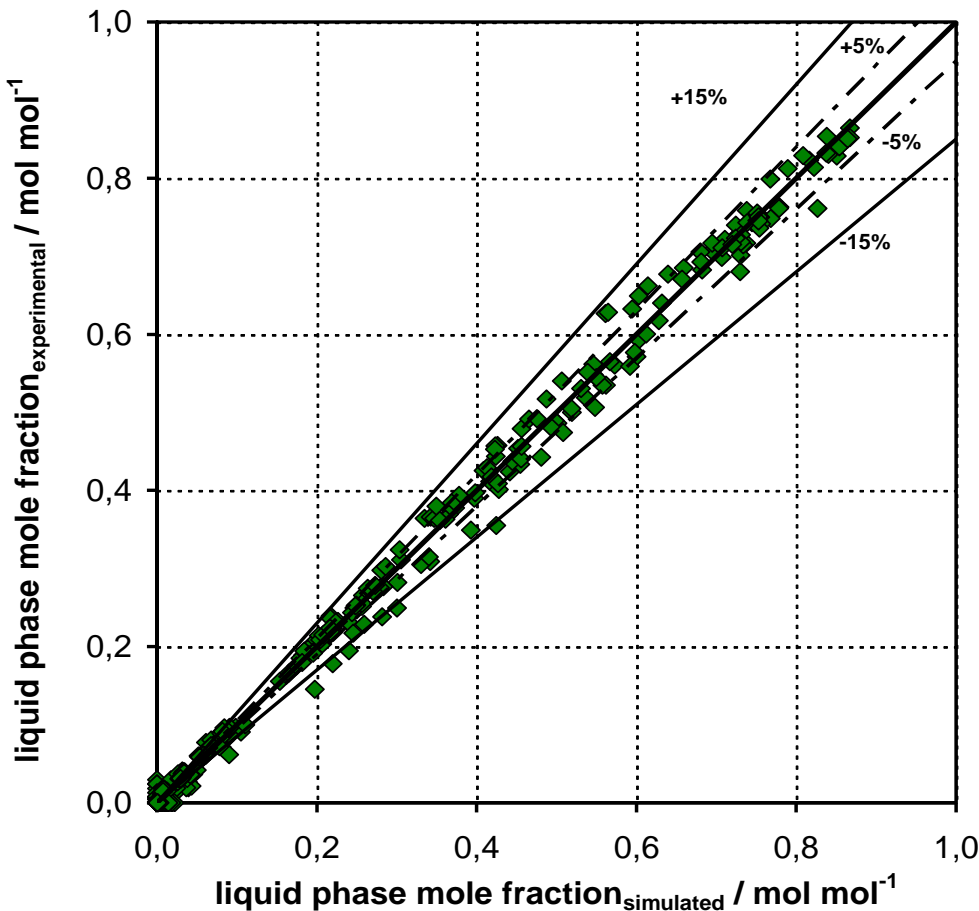
- Sulzer BX -> Bravo et al.*; Rocha et al.**
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* Bravo et al. (1985): Hydr. Proc., 1, p. 91–95

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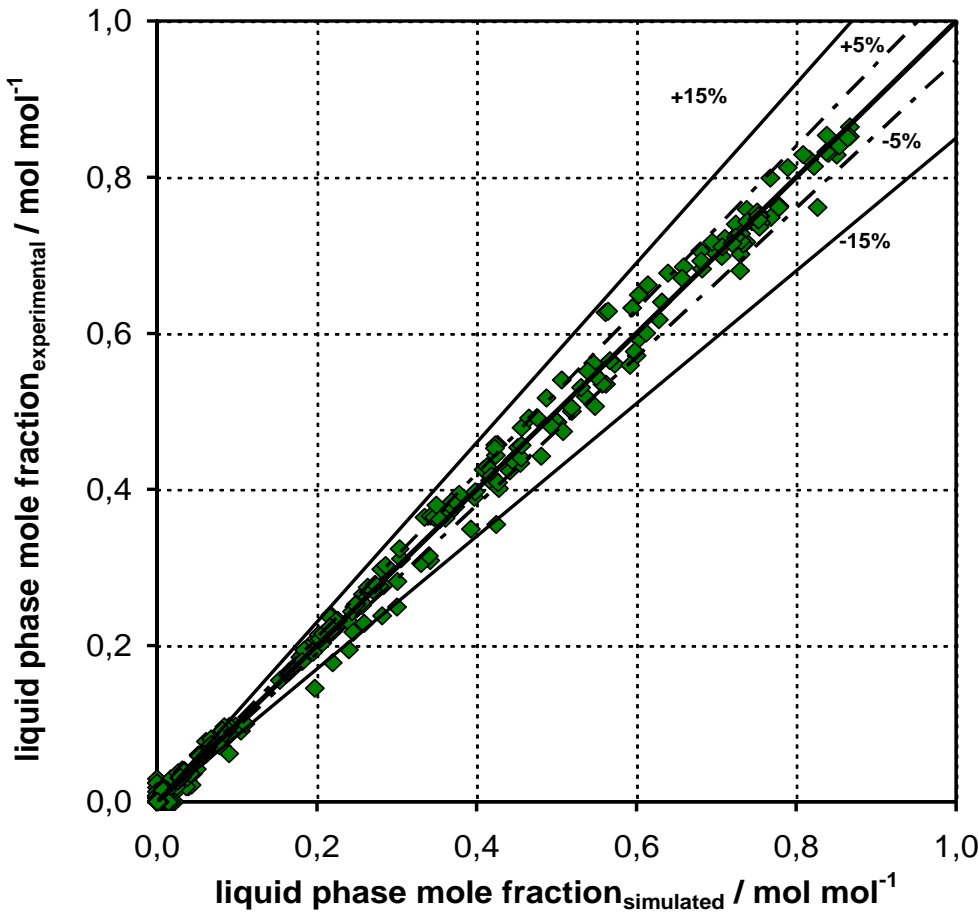
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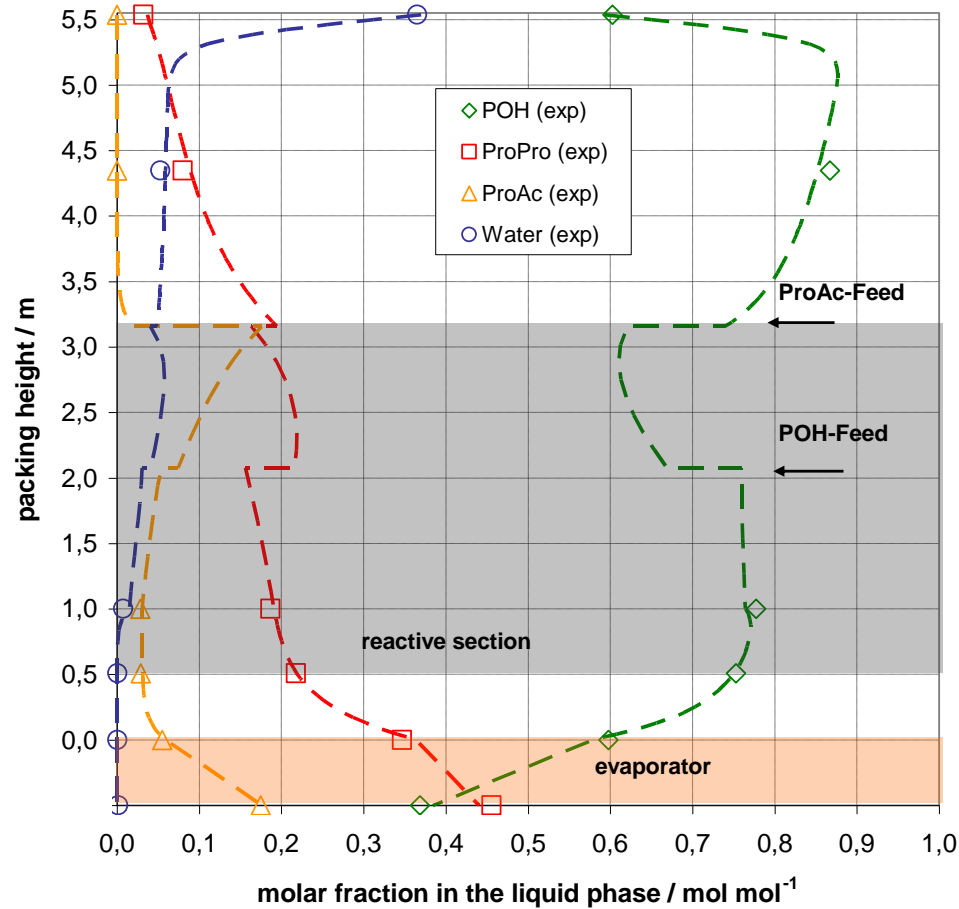
Model validation successful

* Bravo et al. (1985): Hydr. Proc., 1, p. 91–95

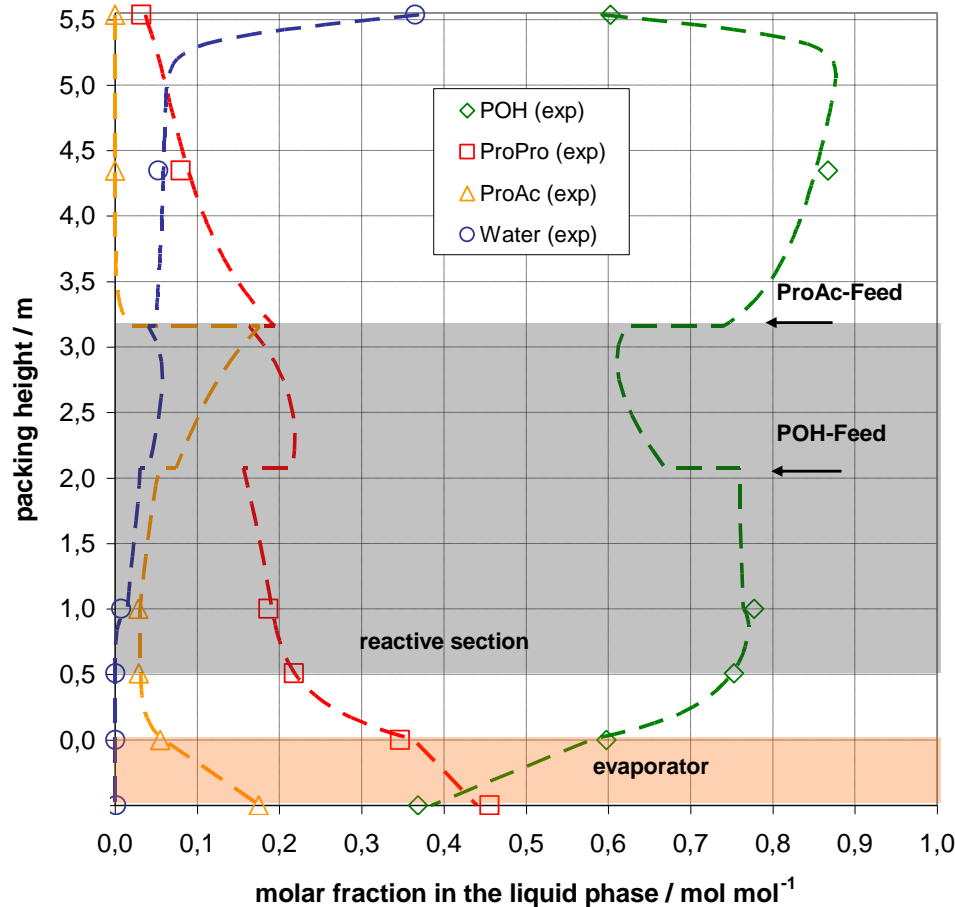
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Hybrid separation process: model validation



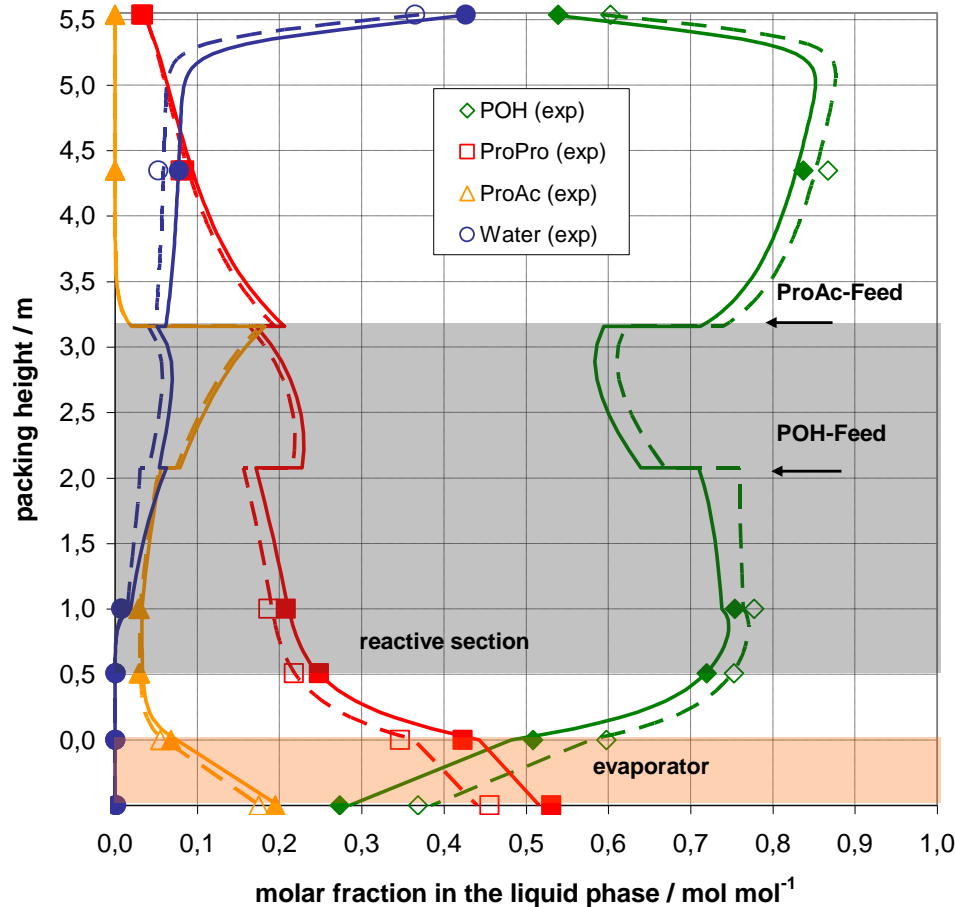
Hybrid separation process: model validation



Sequential configuration

$X_{\text{ProAc,exp}} = 74.4 \%$	$X_{\text{ProAc,sim}} = 73.6 \%$
$X_{\text{POH,exp}} = 29.8 \%$	$X_{\text{POH,sim}} = 29.4 \%$

Hybrid separation process: model validation



Sequential configuration

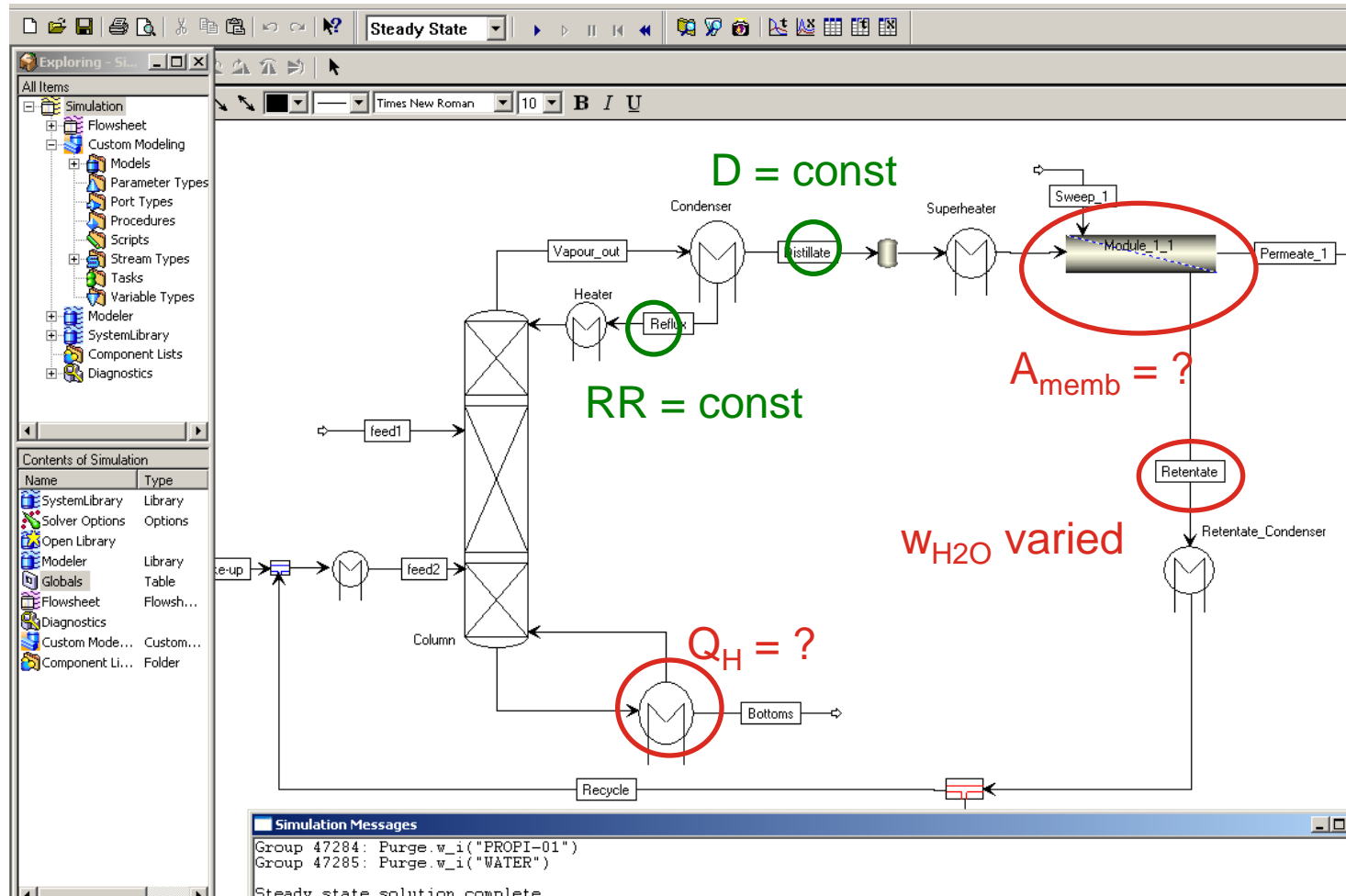
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Closed recycle

$X_{\text{ProAc,exp}} = 73.3 \%$	$X_{\text{ProAc,sim}} = 73.5 \%$
$X_{\text{POH,exp}} = 31.8 \%$	$X_{\text{POH,sim}} = 31.9 \%$

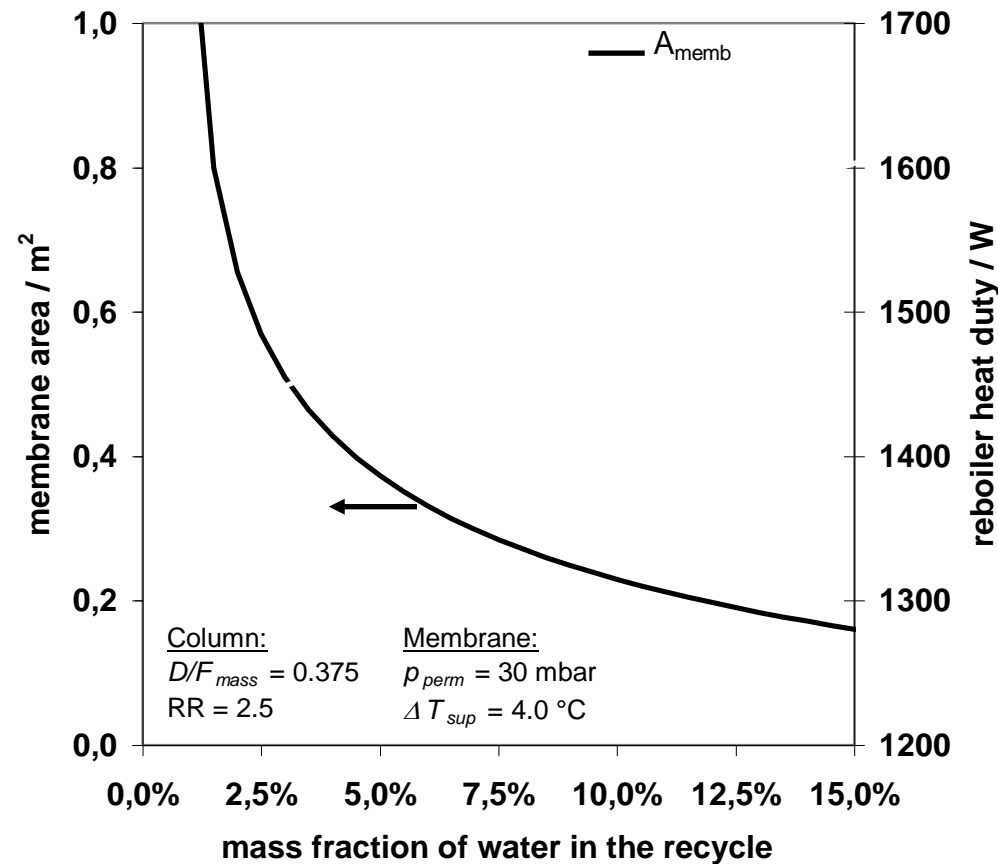
Excellent agreement between experiments and simulation

Hybrid separation process: process analysis



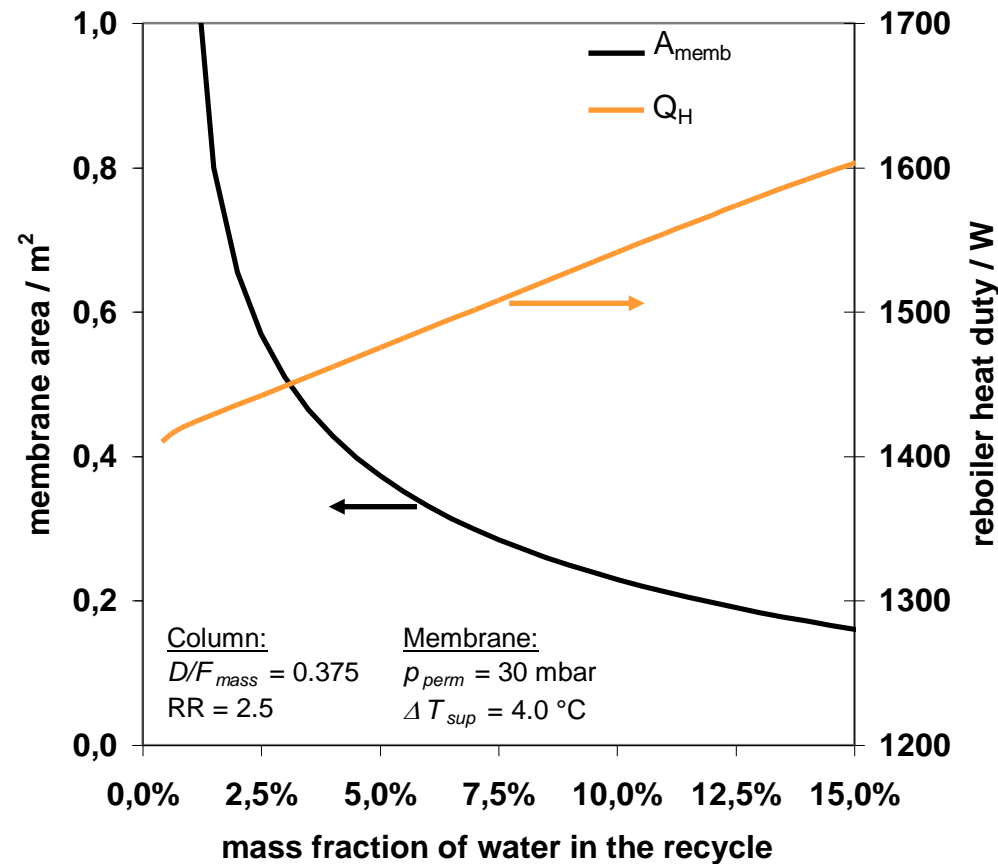
Hybrid separation process: process analysis

- Strong influence on A_{Memb}
- High degree of dewatering requires large A_{Memb}



Hybrid separation process: process analysis

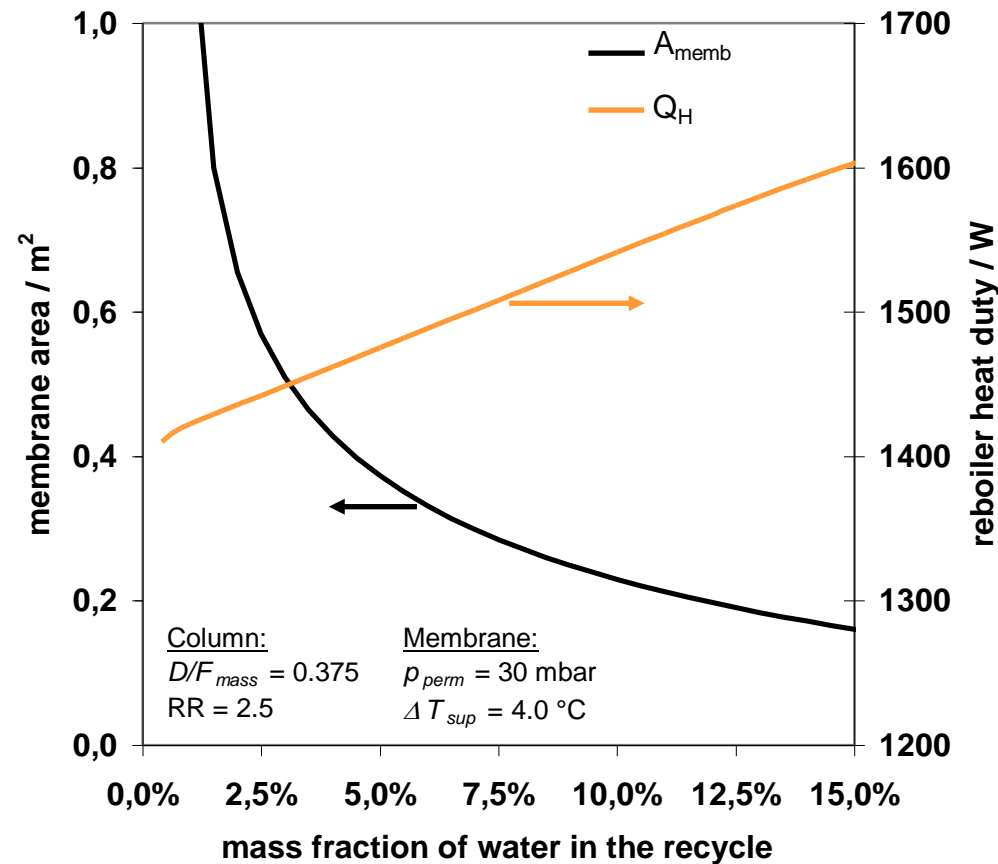
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➡ Optimisation problem



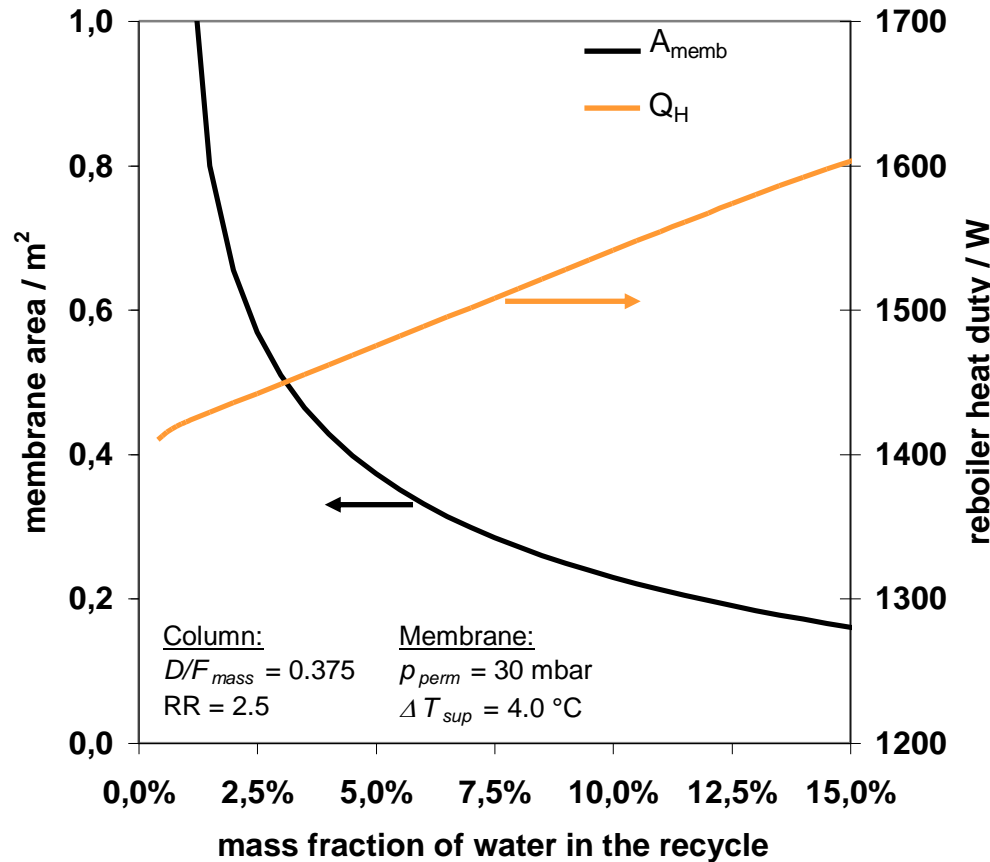
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➡ Optimisation problem



Modified stochastic optimisation algorithm based on a differential evolution* approach (MDE)



* Babu, Angira (2008): Comp. Chem. Eng., 30, p. 989–1002
 Angira, Babu (2006): Chem. Eng. Sci., 61, p. 4707–4721
 Frerick et al. (2008): Chem. Ing. Tech., 1, p.1-10

Hybrid separation process: rigorous optimisation using MDE

Objective function:

$$\min Q_H = f(RR, D/F_{\text{mass}}, w_{\text{H}_2\text{O,recycle}})$$

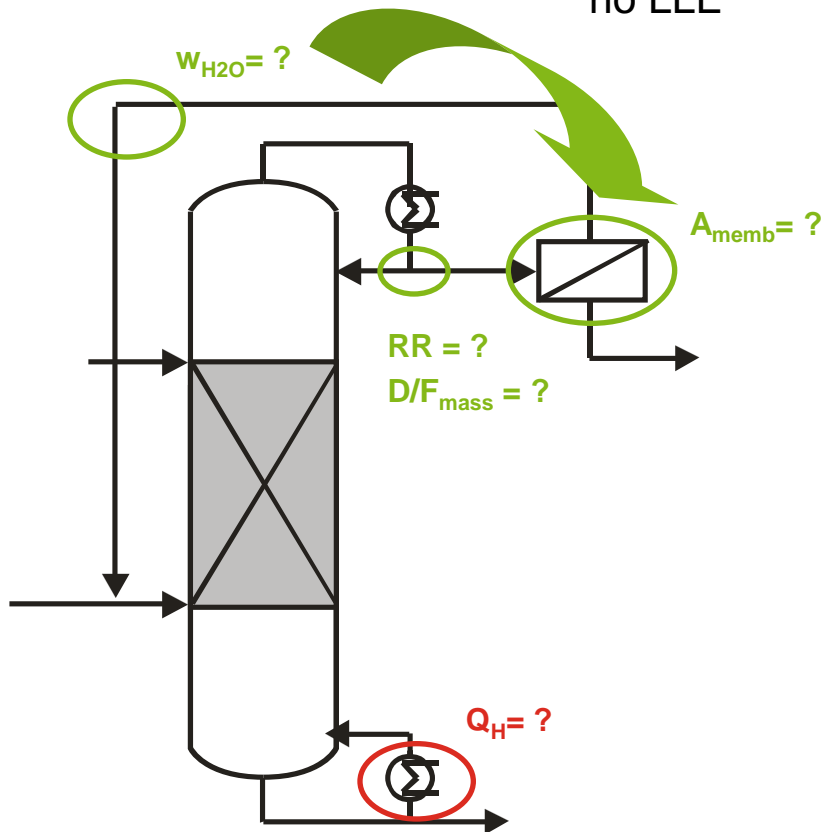
Solution space:

$$0.8 \leq RR \leq 5; 0.25 \leq D/F_{\text{mass}} \leq 0.55; 0.02 \leq w_{\text{H}_2\text{O,recycle}} \leq 0.15$$

Constrain:

$$x_{\text{ProPro,bottom}} \geq 0.75$$

no LLE



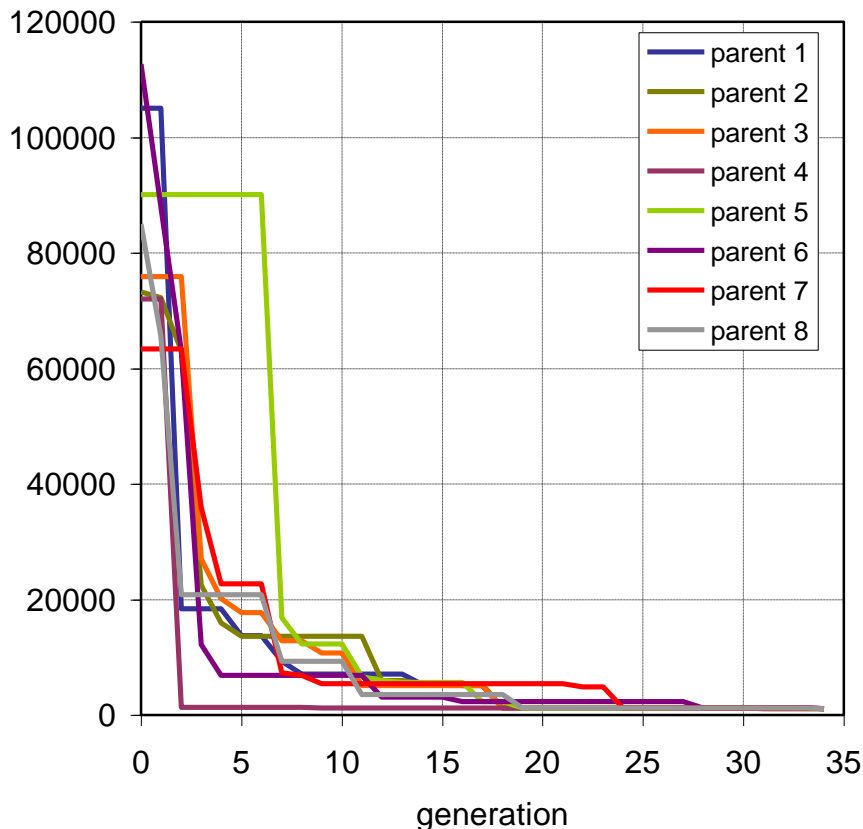
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Constrain: $X_{\text{ProPro,bottom}} \geq 0.75$

no LLE



- 65 generations with 8 parents
- CPU-time ~ 12 hour
- $Q_{H,\text{min}} = 1059 \text{ W}$
- $RR = 0.98; D/F_{\text{mass}} = 0.52; w_{\text{H}_2\text{O,recycle}} = 0.022$
- $A_{\text{memb}} = 3.04 \text{ m}^2$



feasibility and applicability of the now available optimisation package based on detailed process models proven

Conclusion

- Choice of an appropriate **chemical test system**
- Development of a **generic methodology** for the design of hybrid processes
- Provision of **reliable experimental data** for the applied unit operations
- Experimental investigation of the **fully coupled unit operations**

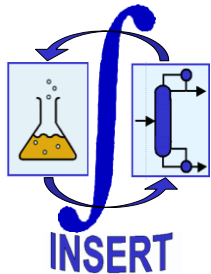


Reliable experimental database for both unit operations and hybrid process

- **Model validation** for the stand-alone unit operations and the hybrid process
- **Analysis** of the influence of decisive operational parameters on the performance of the hybrid separation process
- **Optimisation** of the hybrid process **using** an **evolutionary algorithm**

Special thanks to:

Stefan Kluckhenn; Idefonso Campos-Velarde; Christian Schroeder; Marcel Katora; Martin Cruz-Dias; Carlos Duarte; Katrin Kissing; Sigggi Weiss; Piotr Mitkowski; Paulo Perez; Gencay Cengiz; Rocio Castillo-Tornay; Dominik Plaßmann; Markus Hengsbach; Bharat Karanth; Mayur Dalwani; Mayuratheepan Puthirasigamany & the Laboratory of Fluid Separations



EU-Project INSERT
“Integrating Separation and Reaction Technologies“
(Contract No. NMP2-CT-2003-505862)



Marie Curie Training Site „Reactive Separations“
(Contract Nr. HPMT-CT-2001-00408)



Fonds der Chemischen Industrie



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